

PROJECT FACTS



The Indonesian Partnership Fund for HIV and AIDS (IPF)

- Total budget : USD 55,900,650
- Project period : 2005 – 2010
- Implementing partner : National AIDS Commission
- Key partners : Coordinating Ministry for People's Welfare, National Civil Society Organizations, FHI-USAID, IHPCP-AusAID, UN Agencies
- Donors : Department for International Development (DFID), Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID), UNDP

Background

Under the leadership of the National AIDS Commission (NAC), the Indonesia Partnership Fund (IPF) supports Indonesia's efforts to combat HIV/AIDS. HIV/AIDS continues to pose a threat to Indonesia's development progress, and risks undermining poverty reduction and human development gains of the past decade. In some areas, HIV transmission rates are climbing.



Campaigners gathering in central Jakarta in support of World AIDS Day.

The IPF provides financial and technical support to the National AIDS Commission as it scales up Indonesia's response to HIV. The IPF is one of Indonesia's best examples of harmonization and aid effectiveness in action, bringing donors together in a united effort, and putting the Government of Indonesia in the driver's seat of development management and implementation.

HIV and AIDS IN INDONESIA: FACTS AND FIGURES

- Drug injection has become the main mode of transmission, accounting for 49 percent of cumulative AIDS cases.
- Youth and women account for an increasingly high proportion of all reported HIV cases across Indonesia.
- In 2007, the official estimated number of people living with HIV in Indonesia ranges between 169,000 and 216,000.
- AIDS cases have been reported in all provinces across the country.
- Indonesia's Papua province has reached the stage of a "generalized" epidemic, as the disease is now widely spread through unprotected sex. The statistic shows that 1,244 cases were found, with prevalence of 67,55 of 100,000 people (fifteen times higher than national case rate at 4,27).

Objectives

1. Reduce the risk of sexual transmission of HIV across the population.
2. Reduce individual risk of HIV transmission across high-risk groups, such as injecting drug users.
3. Increase awareness among the general population, particularly young people, and reduce discrimination towards people living with and/or affected by HIV.
4. Improve access and quality of care, treatment and support for PLWHA (People living with HIV/AIDS), with a focus on increasing voluntary counselling and testing, treatment for opportunistic infections, as well as community-based care and support.
5. Strengthen capacity to prioritize and allocate resources for HIV and AIDS at the national, province and district levels.

The Fund Components

Component 1: Strengthening the National AIDS Commission (NAC)

To support and strengthen AIDS Commissions and Secretariats at national and sub-national levels to lead and facilitate a scaled-up, results-focused response to the HIV epidemic based on the Indonesian National Action Plan 2007-2010.

Component 2: Rapid Response Facility

To ensure urgent issues can be responded to quickly and effectively, the IPF provides a flexible fund window for the National AIDS Commission Secretariat to access in cases of unforeseen circumstances that require a small, immediate intervention.

Component 3: Grants Programme

The capacity of civil society organizations (CSOs) is being strengthened so that they may play a larger role in the response to HIV through implementing activities that are in-line with the National Action Plan for HIV 2007-2010, and through effective research, policy and advocacy on HIV issues.

Achievements

Achievements contributed by the IPF include:

- Under the strong leadership of the NAC Secretariat, the IPF has helped strengthen local responses to HIV and AIDS. The number of local governments that now allocate their own budget for HIV response has increased from 37 districts/cities in 2005, to 81 districts/cities in 2007.
- At the national level, IPF has developed a legal and policy framework to ensure that workplaces across Indonesia put in place measures to prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS, and protect the rights of PLWHIV.

- To help overcome stigma and discrimination, the NAC and the Ministry of Law and Human Rights are currently formulating local HIV laws/regulations in 2008 to help local governments deal effectively and appropriately with the challenges that HIV presents.
- IPF partners worked together to increase community-based care and support through IMAI (Integrated Management of Adult and Adolescent Illnesses), and was a major contributor to the IMAI adaptation, training and mentoring processes.
- The IPF established one-stop service clinics at Community Health Centres (PUSKESMAS) for treatment of HIV and sexually transmitted diseases in 14 selected cities. They have become models of best practice in Indonesia.
- In Tanah Papua, IPF supports youth education through the development of peer networks and life skills in schools and communities.
- The IPF has supported Family Health International/Aksi Stop AIDS; Indonesia HIV Prevention and Care Project (AusAID); DKT International; UNAIDS co-sponsors and civil society organisations. Each of these development partners works with the NAC to increase coverage of HIV prevention, care, support and treatment programmes to vulnerable populations.
- In collaboration with the International Labour Organisation and the Ministry of Manpower, UNDP has provided business development training for people who live with, or are affected by, HIV/AIDS.
- The IPF supported the establishment and strengthening of the national PLHIV (People Living with HIV) network. UNDP provides technical assistance to build the organizational capacity of the network, and supports a series of meetings and workshops.



Indonesian Partnership Fund for HIV and AIDS Project Sites

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